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JACK KEMMIS GAVE UNIONISM A BOOST

And Mr. Alex Cameron Also Spoke in Favor of it.

The Unionist rally held on Wednesday evening of last week in the Eagles' hall was a great success. The hall was packed at 8.30, many being unable to get seating accommodation. President J. O. C. MacDonald acted as chairman and the speakers of the evening were Mr. John Kemmis, M. P. P., of Pincher Creek, and Mr. Alex. Cameron. Mr. J. E. Gillis, of Blairmore, represented the Liberals.

Mr. Cameron was the first speaker called. He made a very forceful speech in favor of the Union Government and conscription. He deplored the disgraceful incident at Kitchener, Ont., where Sir Robert Borden was refused a hearing. He declared that the Liberals were not going about things in a diplomatic way. This is a critical time, he reiterated, and not the time for party squabbles. Mr. Cameron remarked that the military leaders in Flanders are for conscription because they are aware of the actual situation at the front. They know of the great need of men, how the reserves were seriously depleted, and how men were daily being sent back to France before their wounds were healed. The nation must have men—and have them now. Unionism stands for this, and every true-born Canadian and Britisher should support the issue heart and soul.

The speaker, referring to the question of a referendum, declared that these were not the days for referendum and the subsequent delays. Great issues of earlier days had been decided upon by the Government—the representatives of the people.

Mr. Kemmis was then introduced. He is a very earnest and convincing speaker. His arguments, which were chiefly along the lines of conscription, were straight-forward, frank and unqualified. He soon gained the confidence of his audience, who applauded him time and again. Mr. Kemmis is a keen supporter of Unionism and conscription. He pointed out how no time must be lost; how vitally important it is that every man and woman should do his or her part in the great fight for national honor and freedom.

Mr. Kemmis referred to conditions in the United States during the time of the civil war. They were practically the same, as far as conscription was concerned, as we find in Canada today. He declared that if the Laurier Government was returned to power no reinforcements for our boys would reach England before fifteen months. He enumerated the advantages of the selective draft; how in the national welfare of the country the right man would cross overseas and the right man remain at home. From an economic viewpoint this is in the opinion of the Unionists, was the only proper solution of the situation.

The speaker asked his hearers if the great sacrifices of the maimed and wounded and those who had laid down their lives for us in far off Flanders was to be made in vain—if we had no manhood, no national aspirations?

He asked: "Are we going to remain at home and take the profits

while those who have already gone fight for our very existence?" Men, energy and money must join hands in this great conflict. Every woman, too, must do her part if we are to uphold the honor of our country.

"By supporting Union Government you are supporting the men who are behind the men who are behind the guns, and if you want to back up and protect the men who have already gone, then I ask you in the name of your country to go to the polls on the 17th of December and vote for the Union candidate."

At the conclusion of Mr. Kemmis' speech Mr. Gillis challenged a statement made by the former that under Laurier's plan it would take fifteen months to get the first draft of reinforcements to France. Mr. Kemmis in replying backed up his statement so clearly and forcibly that Mr. Gillis was compelled to fall back on the voluntary enlistment gag, assuring the audience that men who had failed to enlist for the sake of suffering Belgium and France, or for the love of their own country, would certainly do so for the love of Laurier.

At the close of the meeting Mr. Cameron moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Kemmis for his splendid address. Mr. Gillis, though worsted in his argument, very gracefully seconded the motion. The singing of the National Anthem brought an interesting and enthusiastic meeting to an end.—(Local Unionist press committee.)

SUDDEN DEATH OF MR. H. G. GOODEVE

Prominent Local Business Man
Passed to Great Beyond on
Monday Morning

It is probably no exaggeration to say that on no occasion were the people of the Crow's Nest Pass, and particularly Coleman, more acutely shaken than they were on Monday morning when it became known that Mr. H. G. Goodeve had passed away at an early hour that morning. Deceased has been ill for a long time with asthmatic trouble, but no one, not even his family, dreamed that the end was at all near.

Mr. Goodeve, who has been a resident of Coleman for many years, when his illness took a more serious turn a few weeks ago, his friends believed it was due entirely to change in the weather conditions. On Saturday he was quite ill, and though he remained at his office all day he was not able to move around very much.

On Sunday his condition became such as to render a medical consultation advisable, but even then his family did not suspect that his illness was likely to become more serious, and arrangements had been made for Mr. Goodeve to leave in a day or two for the south, as it was thought a winter in California would be of much benefit to him.

The late Mr. Goodeve came to Coleman from Nelson in May of 1910, having lived in the latter place for some fourteen years previously. Besides his wife and one son, four brothers, two sisters and his mother survive him. One brother, Rev. F. G. resides in Winnipeg; one lives in Ft. William, one near Greenwood, and one at the coast. One sister lives with her mother in Victoria and the other is teaching in Winnipeg.

The funeral took place to St. Alban's church on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, a Masonic burial service being held at the family residence first. Rev. H. Clay officiated and his discourse was particularly apt and appropriate. From the church the remains were taken to the Coleman cemetery for interment. The Coleman band, and the Masonic members of Coleman and other Pass towns attended the funeral, which was quite the largest that has taken place here for some time. The unusually large number of exquisite floral offerings which decorated the handsome casket attested in a quite yet eloquent way to the genuine popularity of the deceased.

The family will continue to reside in Coleman.

The late Mr. Goodeve was one of the most highly respected men in the Pass. He was a man of a very large number of business associates and citizens generally. Though never in very robust health, yet he always greeted one with a happy salutation, and this genial trait of character, as well as his sterling worth, made him very popular with a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. His place in our community life will be hard to fill.

Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved wife and son, and The Bulletin is quite sure it voices the sentiment of the people of the whole district in extending to them sincerest regret and kindest sympathy.

AUTO CONTEST NOW GETTING QUITE WARM

Mrs. Grant Still Leads, But Her Competitors Are Getting Dangerously Close.

One result of calling in all the white ballots three weeks ago has been to give every candidate in the contest a great boost towards the top of the list. When these ballots were called in they literally poured into the office of the contest manager for two or three days, and as will be seen by the standing of the candidates below, practically every competitor shared generously in the good things.

Mrs. Grant still heads the list, but Mrs. Barringham and Mrs. Unsworth are getting dangerously close; and then Miss Hadfield and Harry Wheatcroft are not far away. Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Baron and John Dinney are making splendid progress. The latter has been considerably handicapped through illness in his family, but as he remarked to the contest manager yesterday, "I'm going to get out and rustle a bit now," the others had better keep an eye on him.

Standing of Candidates	
Mrs. A. Grant	406,580
Mrs. Barringham	273,501
Pte. P. L. Unsworth	249,880
Miss Eliza Hadfield	225,500
Harry Wheatcroft	212,985
Mrs. E. MacDonald	197,685
John Dinney	132,402
Mrs. Ada Baron	110,176

Contest Notes

Don't knock an opponent. Cultivate the habit of boosting everybody connected with the contest. You will be surprised to note how extremely contagious this boosting business is. Your friends and acquaintances will soon become infatuated and will boost your candidature far beyond your fondest dreams. Just try it out for a few days and if you do not find this philosophy correct, then the contest manager will eat his last year's hat.

Mrs. Eddie MacDonald has written to all the former Coleman residents whose names she could remember, or procure and solicited subscriptions from them for The Bulletin. Up to the present she has not had a single "turn down," and a large portion of the votes secured in this way. That's enterprise.

Mrs. Barringham is also doing a "mail order business" in Bulletin subscriptions, and is obtaining good results.

Ninety-five per cent of the citizens of Crow's Nest are now subscribers to The Bulletin. Mrs. Grant turned the trick.

Messrs. Gower, Lowden and McBurney have been keeping the contest manager busy supplying them with ballots during the past week, which indicates that the candidates are hustling.

An anonymous friend sent Harry Wheatcroft several thousand votes through the mail Sunday. Harry is duly grateful.

If any candidates have friends or acquaintances who at present do not deal at any of the business places at which votes are given in the automobile contest, they can give their own candidature a boost by inducing them to begin dealing at these stores. Try it.

All candidates should remember that a man will invariably do more for a friend than he will for himself. Don't be afraid to "go after" anyone for their support and votes.

Miss Hadfield, too, wishes to thank those good people who have been sending her votes through the mail. These very welcome packages come with no signature except the word "Friend," and Miss Hadfield thinks they are friends of the right sort. This candidate is putting up a splendid campaign and is going to give a good account of herself.

The standing of the candidates will be published every week from now till the end of the contest.

The contest closes January 25th—less than six weeks more. That means work, work, work.

A rumor got around town to the effect that Mrs. Grant had "thrown up the sponge" and dropped out of the contest. There is nothing in it, and Mrs. Grant serves notice on her friends and supporters that she will "drop out" of the contest when the last vote is counted—not before—and she wants their VOTES.

LETTER OF CONDOLENCE

To Mrs. H. G. Goodeve:

Dear Madam,—At a meeting of the Liberal Association held last evening the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, that we tender Mrs. Goodeve and son our heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement in the loss of a dearly beloved husband and father. We are fully convinced that no words of ours can assuage your sufferings in this hour of affliction.

As an untiring worker in the great cause of Liberalism, we deem it proper at this time to place on record his memory in connection therewith.

We now can only recommend you to look up to the Great Giver and Dispenser of events, who doth all things wisely and well.

Yours truly,
J. E. PIERCE, Sec.

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Prompt attention to all orders and satisfaction guaranteed. Your patronage solicited.

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Clearing Sale of Seasonable Millinery

We are selling off the balance of our Fall and Winter Millinery at practically cost price. There are very desirable hats left for both Women and Children, and our patrons should come early and make their selection.

MRS. C. EASTON - - COLEMAN

The Newest Books

The long winter evenings are here and you will require some choice reading material. We have all the latest books by standard authors and you are sure to find something on our shelves that will please you. Come and see.

H. C. McBurney - Druggist
—PHONE 44—

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WATCH-MAKER
JEWELER and
OPTICIAN

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Rooms 96 up. Board and room \$35 per month on upper floor, \$40 per month on lower floor.

F. BARRINGHAM, Prop.
Coleman - Alberta

The Business Of War

Warehouse and Workshops Behind Canadian Lines in Unparalleled Scale

Stewart Lyon, the special correspondent of the Canadian Press, Limited, in France, writes the following letter:

Taking advantage of a lull in the operations I spent a short time at the suggestion of headquarters visiting surrounding points and near the coast, where a large part of the business administration of our armies is centered. At one of these, where a Canadian forestry company has to do with the woodwork side of things, I saw warehouses and workshops on a scale that probably is unparalleled in the world. One of the sheds in which foodstuffs for man and beast, medicine, and other necessities for soldiers from friends are housed, awaiting despatch to the front, is almost half a mile in length by a hundred yards wide. Over a thousand men, chiefly negroes from the West Indies and Kafirs from South Africa are employed in the goods passing through this one shed, yet it looks almost deserted. The setting fire of men fit to fight and the utilization of the untrained women and coolie labor is an important point in the management of the branch.

For instance there are very efficient mechanists and construction workers in bridge building and similar work. Speedy replacement of wrecked bridges is most important to an army campaigning in Flanders, that land of innumerable small water courses. The engineer in charge told me that in less than three hours from the receipt of orders to replace any bridge to a 75-foot span, he could have a ready-made bridge, taken from the stock and placed on cars and en route to the front.

Soon bridges of 100 feet of a span capable of carrying the weight of the tanks as well as the heaviest guns would be kept in stock. In the other industrial services the same up-to-dateness was found. Many of the departmental heads are expert business men and only nominally soldiers. Thus the chief of staff of almost two thousand men knows the business from the bottom up, and was able to solve even troubles which had baffled technical advisers. All the bread is clean baked, and the process is so clean and tidy that even the fly has been banished and a large part of the meat rations come from a pigsty where every scrap of refuse is fed to the pigs.

Perhaps the most interesting of all the operations carried on at this base is the work of the battle dress department. After every battle thousands of sets of equipment, in a more or less damaged condition are found in the dressing stations or removed from the bodies of the dead before their burial. Covered with mud stains and often with blood, sometimes even festering, this great mass of equipment is sent down to the base to be renovated. I saw the whole process from the fumigation to everything in the original packages to the assembling of all the parts, cleaned and repaired for reuse. The work is done by hundreds of French and Belgian women and girls, many of them war widows to whom this means of earning a living is the door of hope.

The women of Flanders and Northern France have been long famed as needle women, and their mending of war equipment is as good as it is speedy. The recovering of the water bottles is done by skilled seamstresses. All the mess tin that come in are put into shape and provided with new handles when necessary and replaced. The process of plating is performed by a group of active young girls who had no previous experience, but work as well as highly paid mechanics in civil life.

The salvage of small arms ammunition is a big sub-department. Much good German ammunition comes in. It does not fit British rifles, but is utilized, being sent out to schools of instruction, where our machine gun sections are taught to use captured enemy weapons. It often happens in the crisis of a stiff fight that an abandoned or captured German machine gun added to our own, turns the scale. By practicing with these guns and the ammunition accumulated by the salvage corps our men learn to make the best possible use in the day of battle of any German weapons that fall into their hands.

Many other processes to eliminate waste are in use. A small fat rendering plant is a perfect gold mine. Nine tons of fat essential in the production of high explosives are recovered weekly from garbage pails in the base area alone.

The gathering up of the fragments and the elimination of waste in every department of the army activities furnishes convincing proof that Germany is confronted by the best business brains of the English peoples at home and overseas, as well as by what Professor Wegener, war correspondent of the Cologne Gazette, speaks of as the ruthless energy and bulldog thoroughness of the British soldiers.

Help Admitted

"I presume Mr. Grabco, the eminent capitalist, poses as a self-made man."

"Well, no. Mr. Grabco frankly admits that some of his biggest deals could not have been put through without the aid of lawyers."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

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Avenge Deaths of Two Gallant Airmen

Story of a Great Tragedy in the Air and the Revenge Meted Out to the Kaiser's Hirelings

Horatio Bottomley, who recently visited the front line trenches in company with a division commander, relates the following incident, which he says will dwell in his memory as long as life shall last: There suddenly appeared over the German front lines two British aeroplanes flying fairly low and obviously taking photographs. (By the way, have seen some of those air photos, and the way in which they locate trenches and guns and troops is quite uncanny.) In a moment the enemy anti-aircraft guns were on them, rendering the air with their reports. But the British boys took no heed. At first the firing was bad, but the shells bursting some way from the machines. Then it got better and better, and one's heart almost stood still as the shells burst within a few yards, and sometimes it seemed a few feet, of those gallant airmen. They were shot down, and one of them said to the other, "Why don't they separate and rise?" The officer smiled. "You don't know our boys," he quietly said, "but added: 'They certainly are taking risks today—but the weather is favourable and they are not in a stick it.' The guns boomed out more fiercely than ever—we counted nearly two hundred shells as they exploded in the air—and now it became apparent to the daring pilots that the enemy had got the range. Performing all sorts of weird and fantastic gyrations, they parted company and rose rapidly to an enormous height—one of the machines appearing like a bird in the sky, and the other following.

And now the tragedy. All the guns were turned upon that aeroplane. Some of us spoke words we scarcely breathed. Then the silence was broken. "God, he's hit!" came from a dozen lips. And, indeed, the machine, a bird in the sky, was one of the wings floating above us, whilst the machine began descending at great rate, turning over, and over like some monster porpoise in the air. But most ghastly sight of all, there above the clouds, the pilot or the observer, and in a procession of death, it came hurtling through space, after the machine, followed by the falling wings, and so they crashed to earth, just in our lines—and two more gallant gentlemen had made the great sacrifice that you and I may live. I have told their sorrowful parents of their heroic selves, and of their parents' sorrow, and have borne such sons!

Ah! but the story is not finished. The spectacle of those two boys, speeding to a tragic death was too alluring to the Hun in the opposite trenches. In their excitement of them came bounding over the parapet, exultant with joy, to witness the crash—hoping to get back their own machine and the great sacrifice that you and I may live. I have told their sorrowful parents of their heroic selves, and of their parents' sorrow, and have borne such sons!

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The general's face was set and stern, and none of us dared to speak. We were at an artillery signalling post. "A brigade salvo," said the general, addressing the officer, "put it over there!"—pointing to a wood in which the enemy were known to be in considerable numbers. Then we were told to lie down in various observation niches and to look through the grass into the direction of the wood. "It will be two and a half minutes," said the general. And true to his words, in a hundred and fifty seconds—which seemed an eternity as I waited—the guns belched forth our second avenger. Booming, tearing, hissing, rattling—every gun of the brigade was dealing out death and destruction to the enemy; and as I watched the earthquake in front of us I caught a sigh of relief, and felt that the death of those two boys had been avenged. We waited in a deep doubt for the reply—but none came. "This is the enemy beaten in the west. What a contrast with six months ago!"

How a Hun Show Was Broken Up

Max Reinhardt, the producer of "The Miracle," has recently been touring Sweden with one of his spectacular shows, and is reported to have been accorded a good reception, especially in Stockholm. But no such success awaited him in Copenhagen.

When the production was announced, Knut Teller, a pupil of Bergson, got together some friends, and together they booked a large number of seats in the theatre. They then wrote to the management, saying that if the representation took place they would fill the seats. The seats were taken with sailors from Danish ships torpedoed by the Germans. The threat took full effect, and Reinhardt and his company left Copenhagen without giving a performance.

Mr. Feedwell came home well pleased with his achievement at the employment agency.

"I engaged two cooks today," he said.

"Why two?" said his wife. "We need only one."

"I know," said Mr. Feedwell, "but one comes tomorrow and the other a week from tomorrow."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Assiniboine Indians

Remnant of the Tribe Now Live Peacefully Near Wolsley

The district around Regina was in the days before the railway, the territory of the Assiniboine Indians. At one time they were the allies of the Crees and it was under the auspices of that numerous people they first entered the prairie country. The Assiniboines belong to the Sioux people, who in their various wanderings from east to west have succeeded in dominating the tribes with whom they have come in contact. They did not therefore remain long subject to the Crees, and in the course of time took to themselves some of the best hunting grounds of their allies, and warned them away in unimpeachable fact.

In 1879 a violent epidemic of small pox swept through the Indian lodges in the district around Regina, and their limited knowledge of the elements of hygiene died in hundreds. The Assiniboines on the other hand suffered scarcely at all, as they went away out on the plains far from contagion.

There are some members of the Assiniboine tribe still living on a reserve near Wolsley although sadly diminished in numbers. They have become good farmers and stock raisers, and have brought into civilized occupations the same aggressiveness which characterized them in their dealings with their old time tribal associates. Some years ago when horse stealing was common on the plains, Major Bell, who operated the Bonanza farm at Indian Head, had some valuable animals stolen out of his barn. No one had seen them go and there was no trace of them left in the country. The commission of the Mount of Police asked Col. one Macdonald of Crooked Lakes, who at that time was Indian Agent for Treaty 7, if he could send him an Indian tracker. The Colonel went down to the Assiniboine reserve and brought up two old hunters. They picked up the trail at the home of Major Bell's stable and loped away on it to the American boundary. They never lost it despite the fact that a herd of cattle crossed it in the Yellow Grass Marsh, and eventually the horses were recovered and turned over to Major Bell—Regina Post.

Ann—She said that she had to get some warm clothes for winter.

Nan—How do you get your own way she always is!—Buffalo Express.

Farming and Democracy

Importance of Basic Industry For Canada Emphasized

"An interesting essay on farming and national life was given by W. C. Good, B.A., of Paris, Ont. He said that part that agriculture as an industry might be called 'domestic'—the entire family co-operating in carrying on the work. Little children have opportunity to assist parents and through these operations learning how to do things and how to think, thus establishing right habits of life. In these respects farming contrasts sharply with city life. Again farm work is seasonal, and the farmer must work with nature, and be governed largely by weather conditions, hence his work is very varied. From that point of view, the adaptability, initiative and resourcefulness, it thus contrasts with routine work in the city.

Country life is also quiet, and promotes continuity of thought and strength of character. Lastly, the continuance of democracy is largely dependent on agriculture. The perpetuation of a sturdy and independent yeomanry is one of the best guarantees we have for the perpetuation of democracy, which is the only thing that is destined to last; it may have its faults, but it is the only system of government which contains within itself a continuity of life. From that point of view, the maintenance of an independent and intelligent class in the rural districts is of vital importance to any country.

Canada especially needs strong agricultural interests in order to maintain its financial credit and progress. Mr. Good quoted from Sir George Paish, the financial expert, showing that the burden of interest on the enormous cost of railways in Canada, which are sufficient to deal with at least twice, if not three times the present output—will be enormous until the productive power of the country is greatly increased. The well-being of the Canadian people, individually and collectively, depends absolutely on the rapid increase of the agricultural and mineral output; hence land must be tilled to capacity.

He—Poor Brown! He has lost all his money in a wild-cat mining company.

She—Mercy! I didn't know you like to mine for wild cats.—Boston Transcript.

Every time you get your own way you make an enemy.

How to Fight Night Air Raids

The Only Way to Prevent Air Raids in Britain

Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, addressing a meeting of aviation workers at Hammersmith, said: "The Germans are doing something besides increasing output. They are practicing very hard at flying by night. We all know what that is intended to do. Well, the only really effective remedy we have is not on this side, but on the other side. We must try and make their aeroplanes impossible within flying distance of this country. We must bomb everything we can bomb from our lines in France. I know you will agree with me that we are not going to equal it if we have a few bomb raids in London. You will agree that while we consider it the duty of this government to protect the capital of the empire and its citizens, and those great factories that are turning out aeroplanes and munitions of war, it would be foolish to deplete the front lines of aeroplanes in order to give a sense of false security here. Every one knows that, as regards day raids, we must have efficient and up-to-date squadrons. That I am ready to believe, has already been provided for; but as regards night raids, it is no good pretending that the work of keeping them off can be done on this side."

Germany's Sad Mistake

When Germany can get the point of view of other nations and appreciate their standards, their principles, their sensibilities, their motives—in a word, when Germany can read their souls—then we shall be at liberty to hope that never again will world war be made in Germany. This war has been not only a political blunder of the first magnitude, it has been a psychological blunder of the first magnitude. By studying the psychology of her enemies Germany will find that out and be too shrewd as well as too decent to dream of repeating the exploit.—Chicago Tribune.

"I'm in a fix," declared the manager of Plunkville's oysterhouse.

"How's that?"

"I've got a feminine star signed up for a week."

"Well?"

"And here comes the same star in a firm dress and gets all the business."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Live Stock Industry Was Never Better

Government Policy in Saskatchewan Assists the Farmers

A report which has just been submitted to the minister of agriculture for the province of Saskatchewan by the secretary of the provincial livestock board shows that the returns for all kinds of live stock and live stock products have never been more satisfactory in that province. The report deals with conditions up to the 30th of April, this year. The average prices obtained for live stock during that period surpassed all previous years. The total value of live stock in Saskatchewan, including horses, cattle, swine and sheep, is estimated at 173,207,848. The only class of live stock that did not show any marked increase in value in 1916 was horses. There has, however, been a good demand for them all along, especially in the spring of this year. The horses of this province were well favored by the British remounts commission. The advisability of securing or increasing their flock of sheep has been impressed upon farmers by the record wool values and the high price of mutton, to say nothing of the value of these animals as weed destroyers, and there is no doubt that the future of the sheep industry in Saskatchewan is very bright.

As an encouragement of the live stock industry generally in the province, the government recently voted the sum of \$250,000 for the purchase of live stock for distribution among farmers.

Breeding Sheep Bring Record Price

Five hundred breeding ewes were sold at Calgary recently at \$16.50 a head. This is the highest price at which these animals have been sold in Alberta. While the price is not so high as that obtained for similar ewes on the other side of the line, still they will bring a good return to the seller. The sheep had been ranging in the Rosebud country—about fifty miles northeast of Calgary—and were in excellent shape, some of them weighing as much as 150 pounds.

"You are not having much to say about local elections, are you?"

"No," replied Senator Sorghum. "One of the strong points of a really good politician is to know what to say to politics."—Washington Star.

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Labor Notes

Items of special interest to men in World of Labor.

A Canadian delegate to the convention of the American Federation of Labor attacked the military policies of the United States and was sternly rebuked.

The North-West Typographical conference will meet in Portland during the latter part of January, the exact dates to be announced later in the call for the convention.

Four thousand Grand Trunk conductors, brakemen, and other employees will get the eight-hour day and an increase in pay as a result of an agreement between the officials of the union and the company.

A big fight is now proceeding in B. C. against the introduction of one-man street cars at Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster. Delegations from the street railwaymen are taking up the matter with the provincial government.

For sixteen years the workers of Australia have waged a terrible agitation with their employers, only to find that they are 14.4 per cent worse off today than they were sixteen years ago; that while they have succeeded in securing a wage increase of 39.6 per cent, the employer class have exploited them to the extent of 59.7 per cent. —Federationist, B. C.

Calgary commissioners have decided to recommend that the pay of street cleaners be increased from 30 cents per hour to 32 cents per hour. This is the second increase inside of a year. The price paid a year ago was 28 cents per hour. The commissioners also decided to recommend that the minimum pay for other labor in the public works department be increased from 32 cents to 35 cents per hour.

The Federal Minister of Labor has appointed a board of conciliation to deal with the dispute between the Canadian Northern Railway company and its maintenance of way employees. The Board is composed of Chief Justice Mathers, of Manitoba, chairman; Mr. J. T. Haig for the company, and Mr. David Campbell, representing the men. All the members of the board reside in Winnipeg.

The New Westminster, B.C., Council of Women has appointed Mrs. T. A. Bannard, Mrs. J. B. Gillie and W. T. Reid a committee to investigate working conditions of women and girls in the city and report at the next meeting, when further consideration will be given a recommendation of the Educational club that the council petition the provincial government to pass legislation giving an eight-hour day and a \$10 weekly minimum wage for women.

At the present time another strike of the street railway employees of Edmonton is threatening, although the result of the strike vote now being taken among the men may be against any walkout. It is no secret that many of the employees are against such a step. The main questions are recognition of the union by the city and reinstatement of employees who lost their jobs at the conclusion of the last strike. However the union officials state that every effort will be made to come to an agreement with the city council before the men are called out.

At Calgary the retail clerks are getting busy in their own interests, and the question of hours of employment and holidays are being taken up with vigor, and have formed the subject of negotiations between the retail merchants and the clerks. Just now a compromise has been suggested which it is said may be accepted by both sides. It is suggested that the merchants concede a 18-hour week of 3 hours a day for 52 weeks in the year, with one week's holiday with pay to employees who have been in the employ of the store for one year. At present the clerks work nine hours a day with three hours extra on Saturday, making 57 hours a week, with a half holiday during the three summer months. The bylaw submitted to the people for approval or disapproval will provide for a mid-week half holiday, the year round, without further limitation of hours of service. The conference would doubtless work out that the stores would open at 9 o'clock in the morning and keep open until 6 in the afternoon, with one hour for luncheon for each employee without extra hours on Saturday or Christmas week. This suggestion will probably be accepted by the employers, and it is thought will also be accepted by the employees.

Jr. de Van's Female Pills
A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the reproductive portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold in a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address. The Scott's Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

HE WAS "SHOWED"

A progressive school-teacher, according to a correspondent of the "American Agriculturist," asked her pupils to use individual drinking cups. Some did so; but an influential trustee heard of the request and ridiculed the idea, saying that he "was from Missouri and had to be showed," that "germs were far too much overworked these days," and that a good tin drinking cup should be procured and chained to the pump. This was done. A new boy came to school; it was noticed that he had a small sore on his face. Soon similar sores appeared on the faces of all the children who, like him, used the common cup. The teacher and pupils who used their own cups escaped. The trustee then admitted that he was "showed," at the expense of the children who had contracted a disagreeable contagious disease, and there is now a tin cup chained to the pump in that district.

TO DISCHARGE FARMERS

T. M. Mulloy of the Sasatchewan House of Commons, in a statement from the House of Commons, stated that farmers or farmers' sons, needed for production, should be exempted, if such have been drafted, the minister gives it, as his opinion they should be discharged from the army.

Subscribe for The Bulletin

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GO EAST

Excursion Tickets to Eastern Canada on sale daily during the month of December. Final return limit Three Months from the date of issue.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA OR NEW WESTMINSTER

Tickets on Sale December 2nd to 8th, January 6th to 12th, February 3rd to 9th. Final return limit, April 30th, 1918.

Travel by the "WORLD'S GREATEST HIGHWAY." Two Transcontinental Trains Daily. Tickets and full information from any C. P. R. Agent.

D. DAWSON

District Passenger Agent
CALGARY, ALTA.

Rex Theatre, Coleman

'DAMAGED GOODS'

The Great Tragedy of Sin's Consequences in Seven Awe-Inspiring Acts

(INTERPRETED BY RICHARD BENNETT)

The Play That Startled the World

Don't fail to see it on Wednesday, December 12th only, at the Rex Theatre.

Admission

25c and 50c

Union Government

is concentrating its efforts to win the War. It has gone about raising reinforcements in the only practical way; under the Military Service Act, 1917.

Laurier, Bourassa and their adherents admit their intention of holding up reinforcements so urgently needed in the trenches.

Where do YOU stand?

To Back up the Boys—

To Hasten Victory—

To Win the War—

SUPPORT UNION GOVERNMENT

To Women Voters:

Every woman may vote who is a British subject 21 years of age, resident in Canada one year, and in the constituency 30 days, who is the mother, wife, widow, daughter, sister or half-sister of any person male or female living or dead who is serving or has served without Canada in any of the Military forces, or within or without Canada in any of the Naval forces of Canada or of Great Britain in the present war, or who has been honorably discharged from such services and the date of whose enlistment was prior to September 20th, 1917.

Unionist Party Publicity Committee.

THE COLEMAN

Cash Grocery

Why run risks when you can play safe?

When you buy your Groceries from a store that prints its prices in black and white you know you are on safe ground. The store that has faith enough in its prices on good quality goods to quote them where all the world may see must know that its prices are rock bottom.

Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour CANADA'S BEST

Royal Household Flour—	Buy Ogilvie's Feed, There's a difference.
98 lb. sack \$6.00	Brans 1.90
Ogilvie's Graham Flour—	Shorts per 100 lbs. 2.10
49 lb. Sack 2.90	Graded Wheat 3.95
Ogilvie's Rolled Oats—	Barley, 100 lb. Sack 3.30
8 lb. Sack60	
Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, lb. .45	Pancake Flour, per package .. 15
Red Feather Coffee50	Wesson Oil for cooking per tin .55
Fresh Ground Coffee, 2 lbs. .75	Pure Olive Oil in bottles 50
Paris Lump Sugar, 2 lbs. .30	Macaroni 2 packages for 35
Ising Sugar, per lb. 15	Vermicelli 2 packages for 25
Snider's Ketchup, per bottle .40	Griffin's Seedless Raisins, pkg. 15
Heinz Ketchup, per bottle .40	Clemed Currants, package 35
Polo Vinegar, per bottle 20	Bleached Sultana Raisins, 1 lb. 35
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs. 25	Prunes, new pack, per pound 15
Shredded Wheat, per pkgs. 15	Crystallized Cherries per lb. 1.00
B. C. Sugar, 20 lb. sack 2.25	Crystallized Cherries half 50
Krumbs, Kellogg's, 2 pkgs. 25	Walnuts Shelled New per lb. 75
B. C. Apples per case 2.50	Almonds Shelled New per lb. 65
B. C. Spuds, white, 100 lbs. 2.50	New Peas, Orange, Lemon and Citron per pound 40
Cabbage per 100 lbs. 2.50	Brookfield Butter, no better .. 55
Fine Oatmeal, 10 lb. sack 65	Try us if you want a pound of Fancy Biscuit Ours Always Fresh for 30 and 35 cents.
K. C. Jelly, in glasses Crab Apple and Black Currant per glass 30	Buy Quaker Bread 4 one pound Loaves for 35
K. C. Jams 4 lb. pails 90	
and 1.00	
Potatoe Flour, package 20	

Jas. Allan - - Coleman

McILLIVRAY CREEK

Coal & Coke Co. Ltd

Mine and General Offices:

COLEMAN, ALBERTA

Registry Office | Head Office

Spokane - Wash. | Rossland - B.C.

OWNS AND OPERATES

Carbondale Mine

WHICH PRODUCES AN

Exceptionally High Grade

—OF—

STEAM COAL

KOAL

Remember this: We produce the Coal you want for small houses and large houses, for little steam plants and big steam plants. Give It a trial and see.

International Coal & Coke Co.
LIMITED

PASS EXCEEDED ITS ALLOTMENT

People Bought Victory Bonds to Extent of Over Quarter of Million.

Two hundred thousand dollars was the allotment of the Crown, West Pass district for the Victory Loan, and subscriptions went considerably over that amount.

Coleman people bought \$86,550.00 of the bonds, the largest purchasers being the International Coal and Coke Company, which took bonds to the value of \$30,000. Approximately three hundred people purchased bonds here. The above figures include several thousand dollars of bonds of previous issues which were converted into Victory Bonds, and this fact accounts for the difference between the total sale of bonds above mentioned and the figures given below as Coleman's total purchases.

The central committee, of which Mr. Whitelie is chairman and J. R. Smith is secretary, as well as the local salesmen, deserve much credit for the energetic manner in which they carried the work through. Mayor Morrison, as local captain, made a wise selection of lieutenants as the results indicate.

In submitting the following statement to the press on Wednesday, Secretary Smith said: "I regret that it is impossible at this time to give you absolutely correct final figures, but that will be done as soon as it is known officially as to how those who signed undertakings to pay cash have met their obligation."

No. Applications	Amount
Coleman	304.....\$86,550.00
Blairmore	448.....79,000.00
Frank	148.....31,300.00
Bellevue	117.....30,150.00
Hillcrest	162.....40,650.00
Totals	1,074.....\$268,200.00
Collected by C. P. R. from employees in district	900.00
Total to date for district	\$269,100.00

GET MORE MONEY

An order-in-council has been passed, increasing the separation allowance paid to wives and other dependents of soldiers below the rank of sergeant in the Canadian expeditionary force from \$20 to \$25 per month, beginning December 1. The effect of this is that in the month of January the wife of a soldier in receipt of \$20 per month will receive \$30, the extra \$10 representing the increase for the two months of December and January and in each month thereafter she will receive \$25 instead of \$20 as heretofore. Cheques for January will be issued earlier than usual.

EVERY LITTLE HELPS

Details have been officially received of one of the most sanguinary fights in the northern zone, in which two Austro-Hungarian regiments fought until they had almost exterminated each other. The fight was back of Asiago during one of the main attacks against the Italians. The enemy advanced from the two flanks, and toward night a regiment of Hungarian Czeches became engaged with a regiment of Italian Poles, both wearing a different uniform and speaking a different dialect. The rifle fire was followed by a bayonet charge, and then a hand to hand struggle with grenades, lasting throughout the night until the two regiments were disengaged after heavy losses, when it became known that they belonged to the same side.



Grand Union Pool Room and Bowling Alley

First-Class Tables and best of equipment in every respect. A comfortable place to spend an evening.

Complete Line Best Brands Soft Drinks

First-class Barber Shop in connection

SAM MOORE - PROPRIETOR

COLEMAN GETTING LOTS OF REAL BOOZE

Prohibition Not Much Hardship in This Part of the Country.

If all the centres of population throughout Alberta are having an experience at all similar to what is transpiring in Coleman during recent months, then the Alberta Liquor Act is aptly and exceedingly appropriately named. It certainly is not a "prohibition" act and it is not making Coleman dry—not what one would notice with the naked eye.

Booze is coming into this locality in such quantities as should make the god of Bacchus wear the smile that won't come off. At the present time there are approximately fifteen hundred to two thousand packages of joy water of one kind and another being received during the month at the offices of the Dominion Express company. None of these packages contain less than a quart—the majority of them will total much more than that.

This does not of course include occasional car loads of two-per-cent., and is mostly the good old "hard stuff." The Bulletin is informed by those who are likely to know what they are talking about that this is much more booze than was handled by the hotels here during the wettest days that Coleman ever saw. At any rate it seems like a poor kind of "prohibition."

TO REDUCE FIRE LOSSES

The great losses caused to settlers and ranchers in the timbered districts of Alberta through forest fires carelessly started, will be largely obviated if the Canadian Forestry Association of Ottawa is successful in its present efforts with the government of Alberta.

Last year the association, which has a large membership in the prairie provinces, secured the ready co-operation of Saskatchewan and Manitoba governments in passing new legislation putting a stop to the setting out of settlers' clearing fires unless the settler took reasonable precautions of safety. In order to make the law fair to all, municipal forest guards and Dominion fire rangers were given authority to issue permits for all clearing fires started in the vicinity of timber. Unless he obeys the precautions for safeguarding his fire against spreading, the settler in Manitoba and Saskatchewan is liable to a fine. Not only the settlers but all classes of citizens are placed beneath the same safety rules.

It is now proposed that Alberta should pass a similar law and give it through administration. The latter involves very little expense as the services of the Dominion fire rangers are available without cost in districts of greatest hazard.

SHOT A DESERTER

Ferdinand Weiss, son of a prominent rancher of the Gros Ventre district near Medicine Hat, was last week found guilty of manslaughter after being tried for the murder of Juvul Rosenfelder, a deserter from the Canadian Army last July. Justice Hyndman sentenced him to ten years in Edmonton penitentiary.

Weiss was one of the party trying to hold Rosenfelder until the police came to arrest him. When the deserter who was a desperate character, started to run away, Weiss fired a rifle, intending to frighten Rosenfelder and make him stop, it was alleged. He hit Rosenfelder, who died in a few minutes.

WOULD CONSCRIPT ALIENS

Conscription of alien labor in Canada at \$1.10 per day is the purpose of a campaign launched last week by the Army and Navy Veterans, Great War Veterans Association and Next-of-Kin organizations of Manitoba. A special committee representing these forces conferred with Premier Norris and his cabinet and were assured of adequate provincial government support. Their slogan will be that no alien enemy representative may be employed in any capacity at wages higher than those earned by the fighting men of the Empire in the trenches and that all alien enemies must be usefully employed.

Seventy-eight per cent of the exemption claims in Alberta have been granted by the military tribunals. There does not seem to be much here for the farmers to complain about.

At the annual meeting of the provincial branch of the Red Cross Society held in Calgary Friday last, Judge Jackson moved a resolution whereby the men of Alberta are made responsible for the collection of funds for the use of the women in carrying on the Red Cross work, and also suggesting that the former Patriotic fund committee be used for this purpose where possible. Rev. Mr. Marsh, president of the Calgary branch, seconded the resolution, which passed unanimously.

TO INVESTIGATE COST OF LIVING

Commissioners Will Hold Investigations Throughout District 18.

Commissioner W. H. Armstrong, in charge of the operation of the coal mines of District 18, and F. E. Harrison, assistant to Mr. Armstrong, will commence another investigation into the increase in the cost of living next week. The first session of this hearing will be held in Calgary, in the council chamber at the city hall, commencing at 10 o'clock in the morning on either Monday or Tuesday, the exact day not yet having been fixed definitely.

Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Harrison explain that this investigation is for the next period following that under investigation at the time of the last sitting of the labor officials. It is required by terms of agreement made between mine owners and the coal mine union men of the district.

Should the investigation show an advance, the wages of the men in all the coal mines of Alberta and southern British Columbia will be raised accordingly. The cost in wages will be commensurate to that in the increase in the cost of living as compared with the old cost of living, not on a percentage basis as compared with the wage paid at the present time.

The sessions of the investigation will be under the personal direction of F. E. Harrison, with W. H. Armstrong as sort of general manager of them. They will be held at the following cities and towns in the order named herein, Calgary, Fernie, Blairmore, Lethbridge, Drumheller and Edmonton.

WHO MAY VOTE

All male British subjects by birth who get on the voters' lists. All male naturalized British subjects who get on the voters' lists and who are not Austrians, Bulgarians or Turks naturalized since 1902.

Every male of any nation who gets on the voters' lists who has a son, grandson, or brother in any army or navy fighting on our side. All Syrian and Armenian Christians who get on the voters' lists.

All discharged soldiers or sailors may vote in the polling division in which they live on polling day.

All the wives, widows, mothers, sisters and daughters of Canadian soldiers or nurses, who are serving or who have served outside of Canada, whether now living or dead and who get their names on the voters' list.

All the wives, widows, mothers, sisters and daughters serving or who have served anywhere in the Canadian British navy, who get on the voters' lists.

VICE IN SEATTLE

Resolutions calling upon the city council of Seattle to impeach Mayor Hiram Gill because of his alleged laxity in suppressing vice were adopted tonight in the Hippodrome. The building which has a capacity of 5,000, was packed. The resolutions were adopted by acclamation.

Twenty-five of the leading agricultural and stock and arties of Edmonton and District left last Friday in a special car attached to the regular 8:30 o'clock Grand Trunk Pacific train on their way to Chicago to visit the International Live Stock show. At Winnipeg their private sleeper will be transferred to the case of the Great Northern until the Twin Cities are reached and from Minneapolis the party will travel over the Milwaukee line to Chicago.

City hens are again to the fore and showing their superiority over the ordinary or garden variety says the Edmonton Bulletin. One especial one, which resides with a family on Vermilion avenue. Friday morning laid an egg which measures 8 1/2 inches lengthwise and 4 1/2 inches in circumference. Henrietta is of the white Vandyke variety and it is reported that it was twenty minutes after she laid the egg before she did justice to the occasion by a crackle.

Even the kitchen waste at "Jettie's" army camp is being used to or at shells against the Germans, according to circular reports today, to the department of commerce. Glycerin, sufficient to provide the propellant for 17,000,000 shells yearly, is being produced from fat which hitherto were thrown away. The waste is producing products worth \$400,000 monthly.

An extension of steamer service on the Great Lakes beyond the usual winter closing time has been arranged by the food of administration to relieve the railroads by moving about 30,000 tons of flour and wheat from Duluth to Buffalo and Erie.

Seventy-one Chinamen were gathered by the police at Crowsnest a few days ago in a gambling joint. Players were \$1 and \$25 each, while the "spectators" were let off with a ten-cent assessment.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATION.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 30 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Prices \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Prices, \$3 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—44388.

Fruit Land For Sale.

Land for sale on Arrow Lake, B. C. 30 acres. 31 acres slashed down, 21 acres stump out and half or more burned. Soil is black, up to the knees and land is level as a floor. Have put \$700 in work on it. Will sell for \$800 cash. Best land in Deer Park, B. C. Can grow anything that is put in the ground. MIKE ANDROS, Coleman, Alberta. 31-3m

ALEX. M. MORRISON NOTARY PUBLIC

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

Reg. Births, Marriages, Deaths Office opposite Rex Theatre.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

ALBERTA WINTER FAIR AT CALGARY

Dec. 11th to 14th, 1917

Single fare for the round trip from all stations in Alberta.

Going dates December 10th to 13th. Return limit December 17th, 1917.

Travel via the Canadian Pacific Railway—THE WORLD'S GREAT-EST HIGHWAY.

R. DAWSON, District Passenger Agent Calgary, Alta.

E. DISNEY LUMBER Dealer and Contractor

Dealer in Lumber, Sash Doors, Shingles, Lath Cement and Plaster, etc.

Wall Board and Beaver Board always in stock.

Coleman Alberta

Plante & Antel

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE

Dressing of every description attended to with promptness. Good rigs and careful drivers for weddings and pleasure trips. Charges moderate. Phone 105.

OUR STOCK OF -- Fresh and Cured Meats --

is at all times the very best that can be procured, and includes the best brands of Bacon, Hams, etc., on the market. If you are not already a customer of ours give us a trial. We can please you.

The V. H. LOWDEN CO.

Flour and Feed

You can Save Money by Getting our Prices on Flour and Feed, Hay, etc., before placing your order

Coleman Flour and Feed Co.

A. Beck, Manager

Leave your Job Printing Order with The Bulletin

T. W. DAVIES

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Headstones Supplied and Set up COLEMAN Residence Phone 158 ALBERTA

ART CLOTHES

COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

YOUR SPRING SUIT

ought to be ONE OF OURS

Why? Primarily, for the manner in which the suit is made to suit your personality—the display of models and fabrics is vastly diversified and we're careful that you select the right one.

Secondarily, for the quality—

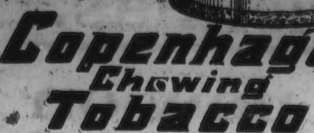
cost you no more than others, but we're rather certain you'll find them finer.

But all this is really not convincing—you must wear one. You must have it tailored to your measure from one of the hundreds of fine fabrics and one of the many Spring models.

ART CLOTHES COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

150

Scientifically prepared. Pleasing flavor.



Is the world's best chew. It is the most economical chew.

WHAT CANADA HAS TO OFFER TO THE SETTLER AND INVESTOR

THE BEST FARMING PROPOSITIONS IN THE WORLD

The Editor of the Economist, Published at Chicago, after a Recent Trip Through the Western Provinces, Writes Enthusiastically Of the Splendid Opportunities Western Canada Offers

The giant of the north stretches his thirty-seven hundred miles from Atlantic to Pacific and exerts under his own weight of wealth, actual and potential. It is getting self-conscious and... placing his hand for recognition as among the great of the earth. Canada deserves unstinted praise for its part in the present war, and despite the large number of cripples on the streets of the cities, courage and purpose are at a high pitch. The Canadian air is grand, and their loyalty to the home government is among the marvels of the time. Any suggestion of faltering in the Dominion of Canada. The primary reason for this is not the undoubted excellence of the government of Great Britain but in the fact that the Canadian people are left to manage their own affairs. Compare the freest people on earth, it is an expression one frequently hears from the lips of men who know what the other governments are. As to the provinces, they remind one of the states of this country, but they appear to have their own affairs, and most exclusively in their own hands. The theory of self-government is perhaps as well carried out in Canada as in any part of the world. But in respect to the whole Dominion there is an amount of intelligent study of resources and opportunities that perhaps does not exist anywhere else. Geographical, industrial, and government officials are constantly exploring, mapping, and inviting mankind to come and see. Many are coming to stay, as one knows from the migration out of the United States.

The great potencies are the quality of the English race, particularly as expressed in British rule, an enterprising government of the Dominion itself and the rational companies, notably the Canadian Pacific, which, to use its own expression, "spans the earth" with its railroads, carrying millions of road and its many steamships. These forces act in concert and find lines of effort in all sorts of subordinate departments and bureaus which have in hand irrigation, the opening of new areas, colonization and the like. The study of the whole is dominant, for the people seem to have grasped the idea that their own future is at stake and is involved in the common weal. The banking system is one of the most powerful means of promotion, and safeguards against misadventure. Americans have admired this system these many years and some of its principles are embodied in our federal reserve plan. These banks appear to get closer to the people than those of other countries. A liberal policy is followed in the establishment of branch banks. One finds hardly a hamlet without a representative of one of these well-known institutions, usually housed in a building commanding respect by its architecture. Though all about it may be the crudeness of a new country. The greatest advantage of this branch system over that of individual institutions such as we have in the United States is in the name and the known solvency of the parent institution.

With Chicago more of affairs, particularly those of the board of trade, the time has long gone by for considering Canada as a boreal as to be forbidding or an uninviting field for enterprise. The wheat of Canada is among the best raised in the world, and land eleven hundred miles north of this city yield the cereal liberally. The mention of the fifty-ninth parallel to one familiar with the wheat trade does not chill him. Then there are climatic conditions which soften temperature in areas far north. In the northwest, the temperature is low as in midwinter rarely occur, and that city and its neighbor, Victoria, as places of residence are extremely inviting. Far inland the climate looks in winter to ease the cold weather. We, therefore, should not apply the medicine that we have in the United States. One cannot yet say how great is the area of arable land in the Dominion, for there are large sections which have not yet been opened and the quality of which is a matter for future investigation. The statement has been made that of the 370,000 square miles of Canada only 100,000 square miles are fit for farming. This, however, excludes grazing lands and other areas which will un-

Bringing East And West Together

Cultivating a Better News Service Between All Points in Canada

While some may doubt the wisdom of government subsidizing of the press, there are probably very few who are prepared to find fault with the grant of a 24-hour, leased wire service from Halifax to Victoria, Canada, and its tendency towards provincialism, needed this service and, while perhaps it might have been desirable if it had been possible for the press to have financed the scheme itself and kept free of any suspicion of receiving favors from the government, yet it is a good thing that the service has been established in any case.

It is interesting to note that it was very largely the papers with a leaning towards free trade which were in the forefront in petitioning for assistance. The argument that carried weight with the government was that it was impossible—and, yet, nationally, desirable—for the Canadian press to maintain a news service across the barren stretches lying between New Brunswick and the west; Ontario and Manitoba; Alberta and the coast. American manufacturers were coming in from New York, St. Paul and Seattle, but the Canadian product was not circulating owing to physical and other disabilities. In other words, the Canadian industry was finding it difficult to compete with the American industry.

We do not here mean to say that newspaper objected to the formation of a protectionist policy for the handling of Canadian news. True, there has been no barrier erected to the importation of American news, but by their tacit admission that a government subsidy was necessary so that the desirable object of building up a Canadian news system might be achieved, the press of the country unquestionably admitted that the basic idea of protection is good. Apart from this view of the matter, which is merely a side issue, we are glad as manufacturers that the service has been established. It will end to give the agricultural interests of the west a clearer understanding of what is going on in the east and vice versa, it will keep the manufacturing interests of the east better informed on western happenings. If the real purpose of the scheme is to bring the readers of the papers of each other every day; we will be becoming better acquainted and in the end will realize that the interests of all are served by the common good of the Dominion—Industrial Canada.

Boche Kicks Girl to Death

Eleven-Year-Old Child Killed by German Inspector

How a German inspector kicked a young girl to death is told by the Halle Volksblatt: "The choleric disposition of Provincial Inspector Herr Leisauke, has led to a painful and tragic occurrence. A number of young women and girls are employed in the locality in transplants. One among them being the eleven-year-old daughter of a bread-maker named Kohl. The little girl, being somewhat careless in her work, the inspector, after angrily striking her a little sawed stick repeatedly with his heavy boots until she lost consciousness.

The war has drawn Canada, and the United States closer together. As one puts it, "Before the war we were cousins, now we are brothers." The Canadians express the profoundest appreciation of what we are doing in the direction of the German autocracy. It all looks big to them, and big it is, and earnest, but thus far Canada has done what we have not yet done, poured out precious blood without stint. A sign of the co-operation between these two countries is the presence in the states of J. S. Dennis, one of the highest officers of the Canadian Pacific railway, who has large areas of land in the British army in this country. Col. Dennis is a thorough Canadian and has been identified with its interests a long time. Particularly in recent years he has specialized on irrigation, and is considered among the first authorities on the subject in the world.—The Economist.

The Conscientious Objector

Reclused Viewpoint of Pacifists Is a Puzzle to Others

It seems to me that the conscientious objectors are suffering from the same mental malady that afflicts the Germans. In one case the patients consider themselves to be so much finer in sensibility and truer to their ideals than their brothers that they can indulge themselves in these feelings at the expense of those same brothers. How can they be sure that the good of others than of themselves? When I think of the stupendous egoism of the Germans, I can't get any farther than the puzzled baffled feeling that I had at the beginning of the war. This same puzzled, baffled feeling comes when I try to get the point of view of the conscientious objectors. How can they be sure that they believe in non-resistance when there are so many brave men between them and danger? How can they be sure that to be one of the difficulties that these brothers of theirs have to contend with? How can they be sure that their brothers are serving the good of things as they ought to be, while their brothers are serving the good of things as they are?—Harriet Rashell in New York Outlook.

Not a Ship
"What ship is that and where's she bound?" roared the skipper of the Sappho.
"Never mind where we're bound," roared the crew, "we're bound to windward." "And don't call this ship 'she'! This is the mail boat!" Detroit Saturday Night.

Blinded Canadian Heroes Making Good

Sergt-Major Middlemiss Writes of the Success of St. Dunstan's Courses in Suitable Occupations

Sergt-Major Robert Middlemiss of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, through whose blind eyes thousands of Americans caught their first glimpse of the awful realities of war, when he closed the states on a lecture tour in the early spring, has been taking a course in poultry raising at St. Dunstan's school for the blind, where the blinded heroes of all the empire's forces are re-educated for civil life, and will soon be on a little farm of his own.

The majority of the 31 Canadians who have been blinded in the war, the only class of disabled soldiers not cared for in Canada by the military hospitals commission, are there with him taking various courses determined by their abilities and interests, and in a letter which he typed himself he tells of their progress. They, too, are being trained and are now settled at work in various occupations, they were taught in the school are very successful.

Mr. Harry Turner, a Canadian newspaper man who was blinded in the war and retained at St. Dunstan's is now working on a Saskatchewan paper, others are masseurs, lawyers, stenographers, telephone operators and insurance men.

No Half-Way Houses.

In Ending the War

Choice of Both Sides in the Contest Is Surrender or Defeat, Says London Times

"Futile peace schemes" contains the following passages: "There is not the slightest intention or the slightest wish on either side of the Atlantic to accept mediation. The nations opposed to Germany know well what they are fighting for. They mean to utterly and the system which forced war on a peace-loving world and which as they clearly perceive would infallibly bring about the renewal of the conflict upon a scale still more awful were it not now torn up by the roots. These roots are still deep in the minds of the militarist classes of Central Europe and their deluded dupes. The war, Tiritz said, must all over the continent have been Germany. The war, the allies reply with one accord, must prove past all question of doubt that the alliance has beaten Germany. There is no place for a compromise, or the good offices of mediation. The choice to be made is in surrender or defeat. There can be no half-way house.

Record Price for Alberta Farm Land

What is said to be the record price for farm land in Alberta was obtained a few days ago when the Noble Foundation, of Nobleford, Alberta, sold a portion of its Barons farm for \$90 an acre. Mr. Noble, it will be remembered, caused considerable talk all over the continent last year when he harvested from 1,000 acres an average of more than 53 bushels of wheat to the acre. The above farm was paid by a local man, who is acquainted with the conditions of the country, and the sale is a good indication of the value of land in Alberta.



CANADIANS OCCUPY MANY POSTS IN THE STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM

FITTING EFFECTIVELY IN BRITISH WAR MACHINE

Gallant Sons of Canada Can Be Found in Every Branch of the Imperial Service, Doing Their Bit in Various Capacities, and Lending Great Assistance in Winning the Fight

The following article, contributed by Rowland Hill from war correspondents' headquarters, France, is issued by the militia department: "Canada's part in the war is not confined by any means to the splendid troops under General Currie, now beleaguering Lens. There are scores of officers and men in various imperial services fitting effectively into the British machine. In scores of places one would never suspect there were Canadian battalions—their numbers are now legion—which in the aggregate easily make up a large force. Smart young Canadians are naval officers in every port that feeds the front, keeping to the traditions of the British navy. Then, too, there are the flying men, in both services, their range perhaps the greatest of all, sometimes eyes of the grand fleet itself, and on this western front a majority in many squadrons.

"Today the colonel of Canadian railway troops invited me to accompany him to an exhibition he was giving to French, Belgian and British engineers. He walked along a new main military line built with rails from Canada's government railways. The ties had been cut in a miniature Canadian sawmill not many miles south in woods where the Kaiser's Uhlans roamed early in the war. Out in the large yard there was a big team shovel eating away the side of the hill, filling a truck a minute—the Belgian officer timed the great engine to go forward when the light railway crews, Canadians there, too, were ballasting new lines. Fritz's army spotted it one day and for weeks afterwards his artillery searched for them, wasting hundreds of tons of ammunition. The Germans thought it was some new madon of destruction it used to work on a Canadian Pacific grade in Northern Ontario.

"When the Huns broke back along the coast they left various bits of tangled machinery. The Canadian colonel gathered these up, commanded a big railway truck, and built a track-layer in his own blacksmith shop.

"At rail head there is a young Canadian railway transport officer who used to be a train dispatcher at a little place on the prairie. In the next yard another officer (in Canada he was general manager of a great electric railway company) is quartermaster for railway stores. "The dockmaster at the great port away back was in the stevedoring business on the Pacific coast. Under his command were more transporters and cranes than Vancouver and Victoria combined will ever see for years. In the dock was a tramp ship straight from his home on the Pacific coast. A colonel from Nova Scotia—with his labor battalion, men from all parts of the Dominion who know the job, had trebled the port for unloading the rails. At another dock I found a colonel, an Ontario member of parliament, handling a brigade of Chinese coolies piling lumber, and even the halvo interpreter claimed Canadian association—with sawmills on False Creek."

Grading of Crop Unprecedented

Out of 4,173 cars of wheat inspected, 230 cars were No. 1 hard and 3,029 cars No. 1 northern. It's many moons since Winnipeg had such a run of high grade wheat—Winnipeg Grain Exchange Report, Sept. 22.

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

One of the reasons why Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is becoming more and more popular is because it does not attract attention in the mouth. It is not chewed; on the contrary, a small piece is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and gum. This gives complete satisfaction without chewing, and leaves a pleasant, cool aftertaste. Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best, ripe, high flavored leaf tobacco. It is in the form of small grains, and being very rich, only a small quantity should be placed in the mouth. "It's the most economical chew."

"Danger Ahead" is the Warning Which Headache Signals to You

TRUE, an occasional headache may result from conditions that pass away, but "persistent headaches" tell of serious trouble, and demand attention.

Women are more liable to headaches than men. The direct cause may be overwork, worry or mental anxiety, but the real source of trouble is debility of the nerve centers.

The brain is the "central station" of the nervous system, and here is first felt any unusual strain. Headache results, and you are warned of the exhausted condition of the nerve cells.

The first thought is of relief, and too often there is formed the habit of resorting to headache powders or tablets, instead of aiming at the restoration of the nervous system.

Nerve Cells of Brain Cry Aloud for Rich Red Blood

The Food Cure

Mrs. G. Stirling, 19 Catharine street, Kingston, Ont., writes: "I have been suffering for the last five years with nervousness, headaches, so that my eyeballs would be sore, dizziness, and weakness of the heart, and a generally rundown condition. I endured for several years with different doctors, but without getting relief. Through reading one of your booklets I thought that possibly I could get benefit from Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, so I decided to try it. I got one box, took the pills, and, feeling better, followed it up with more. Now I am feeling much better, and am stronger, and able to get around and do my work without difficulty. I would recommend Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to anyone suffering from nervousness and rundown condition."

Anaemia or bloodlessness is often an accompaniment of headaches. The blood is thin and watery, the nerves are starved, there are spells of melancholy and discouragement, and you feel in many ways the need of reconstructive treatment such as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Fatigue and exertion should be avoided, and you should have exercise in the open air while using this food cure to nourish the starved, depleted nerve cells back to health.

Not only do you cure headache by using this treatment, but you build up the run-down system, and prevent such developments as nervous prostration and paralysis.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.75, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

DR. A. T. SPANKIE
M. D., C. M.
Eye, Nose, Ear and Throat Specialist
OFFICE:
Suite 121-122, New P. Burns Building,
corner 8th Ave. and 2nd St. E.
CALGARY
Phone: Office M2948, Home M2077
Interns and House Surgeon Manhattan Eye,
Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, New York
City, Ill. 1914
Specialist to Calgary School Board

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Well, it snowed after all.
Mr. H. C. McBurney made a business trip to Calgary this week.
Mrs. Jones, of Pineher Creek, is the guest of her parents here, Mr. and Mrs. E. Disney.
The special Red Cross film at the Rex Thursday last brought the local branch \$23.00.
The name of Corp. J. Sims, of Blairmore, appeared on Saturday's casualty lists as wounded.
If white spots appear on the "nose" of your goldfish, give them a fifteen minute bath in salt water.
There are four mayoralty candidates in the field at Edmonton. Wonder what the attraction is?
The name of Pte. E. Fisher, of Bellevue, appeared in yesterday's casualty list as having been gassed.
The highest drive will be resumed on Wednesday in the parish hall, and will be conducted the following week also.
Local stores are donning their Christmas regalia. The change in weather conditions will accelerate Christmas business.
Mrs. C. F. Dunlop attended the annual meeting of the Provincial Red Cross Society at Calgary on November 30th.
Sergt. Harry W. Clark is at present training in Toronto University for the purpose of receiving a commission in the Royal Flying Corps.
Keep in mind the third annual masquerade ball of the Coleman Town Band. It takes place in the opera house on New Year's Eve, December 31st.

HUNTER'S
Pool Room
opposite the Postoffice.
Our equipment is one of the best, and every effort is made to please our patrons. Good line of Soft Drinks.
McKeen Hunter - Prop.

Christmas will soon be here
We have prepared for it with a nice assortment of useful articles suitable for gifts for every member of the family.
For the kiddies we have Rocking Horses, Shoo-Flies, Doll Carriages (wicker and box), Children's Sleighs, Flexible Flyers, Child's Wicker Rockers, Tool Setts and American Model Builders, Child's Dishes, Building Blocks, etc.
We also have a nice assortment Decorations, Garland, Tinsel, etc.
THE
H. G. Goodeve Co. Ltd.
COLEMAN

Mrs. Robert Leard, of Lundbeck, who has been the guest of Mrs. T. B. Smith and Mrs. E. MacDonald for a few weeks, returned to her home last week.
The bazaar and sale of work in the club room netted the ladies of the Institutional church about one hundred dollars. It was a great success in every way.
The name of P. Hulehuk, Hillcrest, appeared in the casualty lists yesterday, as having died of wounds. Pte. Parsloe, of Blairmore, is also listed as wounded.
Word has been received by his family here that Pte. Robert Easton is returning home at once and expects to reach Coleman by Christmas. We'll all be glad to see "Bob" again.
Lieut. C. F. Dunlop, of the Ogden convalescent home at Calgary, spent Tuesday with his family in Coleman. Lieut. Dunlop had made the trip to the military hospital at Frank in charge of a patient.
Service in St. Alban's church on Sunday next will be at 7 p. m., conducted by Mr. Webb, lay reader from the St. Paul's Mission, Blood Reserve. Mr. Webb has been active service in the ranks at the front and will no doubt have some interesting experiences to tell.
Commencing December 10th, the medical boards in connection with the Military Service Act will sit at Lethbridge, Calgary and Edmonton only. Sitings will be held every day except Sundays and holidays. Men from this district will therefore have to go to Lethbridge for examination.
So far 123 cases have been dealt with by the exemption tribunal here. Of these 48 were allowed exemption, 16 of which came under the War Time Elections Act; 32 were disallowed; 37 were placed in Class B to be called up when required, and six have not been reported back from the medical board.
A sacred service of song will be given in the Institutional church on Sunday, December 16, entitled, "The Three Christmas Eves." Mr. W. S. Black will be reader; Mr. Wm. Lees, conductor; Mr. Jos. Emmerson, organist; Rev. D. K. Athan, chairman. A collection will be taken in aid of the choir funds.
Ten choice turkeys and as many ducks are to be given away as premiums at the Grand Union pool room on Christmas Eve. Every person who spends 25c in either the pool room, the bowling alley, the barber shop or at the soft drink counter will be given a numbered coupon. On Christmas Eve twenty drawings will be made, when the persons holding the lucky numbers will be awarded the prizes. Here is a chance to get your Christmas dinner free of charge, and in these times one should not overlook any bits of that kind.
J. D. MacGregor, Brandon, has accepted the office of food controller for the four western provinces, with headquarters at Winnipeg.
All the leading dressmakers and tailors of Paris are showing tight, moderately short skirts, with knee length skirts.
Mrs. Luther Holling, Winnipeg's first woman candidate for aldermanic honors, was defeated by a large majority in Ward 7.
Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations
Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon territory and the North-West Territories and in a portion of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 per acre. Not more than 1,000 acres will be leased to one applicant.
An application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.
In unleased territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unleased territory the tract applied for, shall be located out by the applicant himself.
Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.
The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn reports accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mined is not being operated such returns should be furnished at least once a year.
The lease will include the right to mine, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase wherever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10 per acre.
For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of the Dominion Lands.
W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Organ for sale cheap. In first class condition. Will sell on easy terms if desired. Box S, Bulletin office.
Several "strong man" feats and other vaudeville acts, as well as a wrestling exhibition and a dance, will be held in the opera house here tomorrow (Saturday) evening by Robert Nelson and Bill Duke. An accordion orchestra will provide music. Admission 25c, 50c and 75c, ten percent of which goes to the Red Cross Society here.
A devotional session will be held in Holy Ghost Church on Sunday, commencing at nine o'clock a. m. Mass will be sung by the pastor at nine a. m. and at 11 a. m. by the Very Reverend Father Cameron. Vespers will be said by Rev. Father Casman at 4 o'clock. Confession will be heard on Friday from 4 to 5 p. m., on Saturday from 8 to 9 a. m., and for English speaking people on Sunday from 4 to 6 and from 8 to 9.30 p. m.
Nomination day did not create much excitement in Coleman. Two school trustees were required and three councillors. No new candidates offered themselves in either case and Messrs. J. O. C. Macdonald and Wm. Fraser were nominated as trustees, and declared elected by acclamation. There was some talk on the street of new candidates looming up for the trustee board, but these did not put in an appearance. No electors turned up at the annual meetings of either the town or the school district. There were no nominations at all for councillors, and it has been decided to hold another nomination on Monday. It is understood that the retiring councillors, Messrs. John Johnson, W. J. Burns and E. Disney have consented to serve for another term.
Theatregoers who like their screen entertainment spiced with sensation will find many thrills to delight them in "The Gift Girl," the Bluebird photoplay to be presented at the Rex theatre on Thursday December 13th, with Louise Lovely and Rupert Julian appearing in the leading roles. The screen version was made from H. R. Duran's stage play, "Marcel's Birthday Present," and as pretty Louise Lovely constitutes the "present" there will be plenty to envy the lucky Marcel and more to admire him for his manly conduct in declining the birthday present and changing "it" into a wedding gift. The whole plot and plan of "The Gift Girl" is carried out on unique and original lines. There is nothing stilted or prosaic in scene or situation—but a refreshing screen entertainment, happily conceived and artistically portrayed. The fact that "The Gift Girl" is a Bluebird constitutes, in itself, assurance of high class amusement. Do not fail to see it.
Harold Morris, civil servant, charged with refusing to register under the terms of the military service act, was sentenced to two and one-half years in Kingston penitentiary.

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Invictus Shoes **W. L. OUIMETTE** **Stanfield Underw'r**
COLEMAN - ALBERTA

The Christmas..
Trade is now on

"We're ready to serve you"
Make your selection now while the stock is complete.

Full Range of Fancy China
Bon-Bon Dishes, Hair Receivers, Fancy Plates, Cups and Saucers, Celery Dishes, Fruit Bowls, Cheese Dishes, Jugs, Chocolate Setts, Tea Setts, Sugar and Cream Setts, Biscuit Jars, Cake Plates.
ENGLISH SEMI-PORCELAIN WARE—Gilt Edge and Sprig Cups and Saucers, \$2.40 per dozen. Plates, 5 inch, 6 inch and 7 inch, Meat Platters 60c, 90c, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Vegetable Dish, with cover, \$1.25. Bowls, 20c and 30c.

Gifts for Men
Christmas is only a few weeks away and no doubt you are thinking of him. Come to us and let us show you what he would like. We are prepared with a big assortment of serviceable goods suitable for men.
A SWEATER COAT
is a suitable gift for anyone. We have them in all the wanted colors at prices from \$2.75 to \$9.00.
MITTS AND GLOVES
Something every man needs and would be glad to receive.
NECK SCARFS
We are showing these in a great variety, in Silk Finish, Pure Silk and Wool, with a fine range of colors and prices. A suitable gift.
TIES
One of the most popular gifts for Christmas. We are prepared with a nice selection of all the new designs. 35c to \$2.00.
HANDKERCHIEFS
Every man likes to receive these. They are always useful. Lawn, Mercerized, Linen and Silk in a large variety from 10c to \$1.50 each.
SHIRTS
Every man wears one. They are here in great variety.
ALL WOOL Worsted HALF HOSE
English manufacture of soft fine Worsted yarn. Heavy and more durable than Cashmere, in black only, sizes 10, 10½ and 11. Price 60c.
ALSO—Garters, Armbands, Cuff Links, Tie Pins, Purse and many other useful gifts.

Gifts for Women
She wants these goods and she'll like them better if you buy them for her.
LINEN TABLE SETTS
Full Bleached Cloth, 80 x 80 inches, and a dozen Napkins to match, \$8 to \$11.
TABLE COVERS—White Linen, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.
TABLE SQUARES—Colored goods, fringed, 51 CENTRE PIECES—70c, \$1.00, \$1.50.
HANDKERCHIEFS
Separate and in boxes. Large variety. Plain Linen, Linen with Colored Embroidery, Linen with White Embroidery, Lace Edge and Silk. Prices from 5c to 75c each.
Boudoir Caps, Fancy Collars, Fancy Aprons, Tea Caddy, Kory Corner Felt Slippers, Silk Waist, Gloves, Leather Hand Bags, Guest Towels, Head Scarfs.
Any of these things will be acceptable and there are dozens of other articles in stock that would please equally well.

Free! Free! Free!
A BEAUTIFUL \$10.00 DOLL
TO BE GIVEN AWAY FREE —
COME IN AND SEE IT.

BOOTS and SHOES

Have you seen the "AIRD"
Boot for women? A high cut, fine Dongola Leather, excellent workmanship, for \$6.00.
CLOTHING
Buy a new suit of clothes for Christmas. We are now showing a nice range of Colored Tweeds and Worsteds—well cut, well tailored, well trimmed—at \$15.00 to \$25.00.
Blue and Black Serge Suits, the old cloth and the old dye, \$25.00. Now worth very much more.
MACKINAW COATS—\$8.50, \$11.00 and \$12.00. Mackinaw Pants, short, \$5.00; long, \$5.75. Corduroy Pants, excellent quality, \$5.00.
Pants in Tweed and Worsted—full range. Boys' Knicker and Bloomers—Blue Serge Bloomers and Corduroy Knicker—very scarce goods.
OUR GROCERY DEPT.
Our Grocery Department was never better able to serve well, and never were we able to do as much for our customers in protecting them against higher prices.
Early buying and watching the market with cash in hand, ready to take advantage of every opportunity, accounts for our strong position.
Our stock is always Fresh and of Best Quality.